

Gwyneth Walker

Music for Cazenovia

for Piano Solo

- I. Prelude
- II. Birds In Flight
- III. Around “C”
- IV. Remembrance
- V. Leaving “D”

*This music was composed especially for the pianists in Cazenovia, NY,
who presented the premiere on October 26, 2013.*

Program Notes

These five short pieces for piano display a variety of styles, ranging from traditional to jazz and folk sonorities, and from programmatic to analytical. Often the unexpected occurs.

The opening “*Prelude*” starts in the very tonal language of Bach Preludes. Soon the style shifts to lyrical/romantic. And then the dancing “specks of light,” in folk language, lead to accented jazz-oriented dissonances. The patterns “whisk away” at the end.

“*Birds in Flight*” focuses upon a simple, ascending melody in the key of E Minor. Counter melodies descend, marked “flowing.” A middle section introduces short motives, perhaps suggestive of birds’ wings in flight. The principal theme returns, with intensity. Final downward arpeggios may be heard as the bird flying away. There is sorrow in the dissonances.

“*Around C*” and its companion piece, “*Leaving D*,” are studies of pitches. In the “C” movement, pitches encircle middle C, rising, then falling away from the center, diatonically. A chromatic “episode” begins, creating dense chord clusters. Unexpectedly, a chromatic melody forms above the chords, leading to forceful octaves which eventually return to...middle C. The opening encircling of the tonic returns at the end, as an afterthought.

In the “D” movement, pitches move away from the center, rather than circling about. With each new note added to the chord, or with each new step of the scale examined, this music would seem to be quite “studious.” Yet, the more dry and cerebral that this style might tend to be, the more the exploration of the notes starts to yield adventure, amusement and even humor. In short, the notes become characters. They “play” upon the keyboard, and often have the last laugh!

The fourth movement, before it was given a title, brought to mind the Edna St. Vincent Millay poem, “Mindful of you the earth in spring...” The theme, extremely tonal and simple, grew from the composer’s childhood folk music language. This movement hearkened to the past, and thus it became entitled “*Remembrance*.” Perhaps this is a testimony to youthful days of song, and to the friends who shared in the singing. The closing section of the music is marked “with strength and conviction.” For the soul of youth survives... and the beauty of the human spirit endures.

Table of Contents

I. Prelude	1
II. Birds In Flight	5
III. Around “C”	10
IV. Remembrance	15
V. Leaving “D”	21

duration: 15'30"

Music for Cazenovia

for Piano Solo

Gwyneth Walker

I. Prelude

Gently flowing $\text{♩} = 108$

The sheet music consists of five staves of piano music. Staff 1 (measures 1-3) starts with a dynamic *p* and includes the instruction "with pedal". Staff 2 (measures 4-7) continues the pattern. Staff 3 (measures 8-11) includes the instruction "cresc. poco a poco (to m. 17)". Staff 4 (measures 12-15) includes the instruction "(cresc.)". Staff 5 (measures 16-19) includes the instruction "(cresc.)" and a dynamic *mf*.

2
20 *rit.* , Slightly faster ♩ = 116

23

26

29

32

Slowly, freely, with intensity
rit.
35 *f*

38

41

rit.

44 (rit.)

, Original tempo $\text{♩} = 108$

playfully, as specks of light

48

51

cresc.

II. Birds In Flight

Flowing $\text{♩} = 108$

1 *p delicately*

pedal ad lib.

5 *rit.*

10 *(rit.)* *a tempo* *mf*

14 *3*

19

(Ped.) *(Ped.)* *(Ped.)* *(Ped.)* *(Ped.)*

The musical score consists of five staves of music for piano. Staff 1 (treble clef) starts with eighth-note chords and a dynamic *p*. Staff 2 (bass clef) has a sustained note with a fermata. Staff 3 (treble clef) features sixteenth-note patterns. Staff 4 (bass clef) includes grace notes and a dynamic *rit.*. Staff 5 (treble clef) shows eighth-note chords. Measure numbers 1 through 19 are indicated above the staves. Performance instructions like *delicately*, *ad lib.*, *rit.*, *(rit.)*, *a tempo*, *mf*, and measure counts (*3*) are included. Pedal markings (*Ped.*) are placed under the bass notes in staves 2, 4, and 5.

6

23

rit.

23

26

27 (rit.)

Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped.

, a tempo

27 (rit.)

28

29

30

31

Ped. Ped. Ped.

(Ped.)

32

33

34

Ped.

35

36

37

38

(Ped.)

39

simile

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

f

(bring out left hand)

47

51

55

58

61

65

Start slowly
as birds

69

p

poco ped. ad lib.

72

accel. poco a poco (to m. 85)

75

cresc. poco a poco

78 (accel.)

(cresc.)

81 (accel.)

(cresc.)

84 (accel.)

Quickly $\text{♩} = 120$, with intensity

f

fermata

III. Around “C”

“Theme”
Moderate tempo $\text{♩} = 108$

A musical score for two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef, F clef. Both staves are in common time (indicated by a '4'). Measure 1 starts with a dynamic 'p' and consists of six eighth-note pairs. Measures 2 and 3 are blank, indicated by a single dash on each staff.

A musical score for two staves. The top staff shows a continuous sequence of eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff shows a sequence of eighth-note chords. Measure 4 starts with a dash on the top staff. Measures 5-7 show a repeating pattern of eighth-note chords on both staves.

A musical score for two staves. The top staff shows eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff shows eighth-note chords. Measure 8 starts with a dash on the top staff. Measures 9-11 show a repeating pattern of eighth-note chords on both staves. A dynamic instruction 'cresc. poco a poco (to m. 17)' is placed above the top staff.

A musical score for two staves. The top staff shows eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff shows eighth-note chords. Measure 12 starts with a dynamic '(cresc.)'. Measures 13-15 show a repeating pattern of eighth-note chords on both staves.

A musical score for two staves. The top staff shows eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff shows eighth-note chords. Measure 16 starts with a dynamic '(cresc.)'. Measure 17 begins with a dynamic 'f'. Measures 18-19 show a repeating pattern of eighth-note chords on both staves. A dynamic instruction 'poco ped. ad lib.' is placed below the bottom staff.

20 *rit.*

24 *(rit.)*

27 "Down"
a tempo

30 *cresc. poco a poco*

33 *rit.*, *a tempo*
(cresc.)
poco ped. ad lib. *loco*

12

36

36

Reo.

Reo.

39

39

Reo.

Reo.

Grandly

42

p sub.

f

8 vib-

Reo.

45

loco

48

rit.

non dim.

Reo.

51 (rit.) (f) non dim.

“Chromatic”
a tempo

54 p mf (p)

57

60 cresc. (LH only) mf add pedal ad lib.

63

poco accel.
cresc.

IV. “Remembrance”

This music was inspired by the Edna St. Vincent Millay poem “Mindful of you the earth in spring”

Mindful of you the sodden earth in spring,
 And all the flowers that in the springtime grow,
 And dusty roads, and thistles, and the slow
 Rising of the round moon, all the throats that sing
 The summer through, and each departing wing,
 And all the nests that the bared branches show,
 And all winds that in any weather blow,
 And all the storms that the four seasons bring.

You go no more on your exultant feet
 Up paths that only mist and morning knew,
 Or watch the wind, or listen to the beat
 Of a bird’s wings too high in air to view,—
 But you were something more than young and sweet
 And fair,— and the long year remembers you.

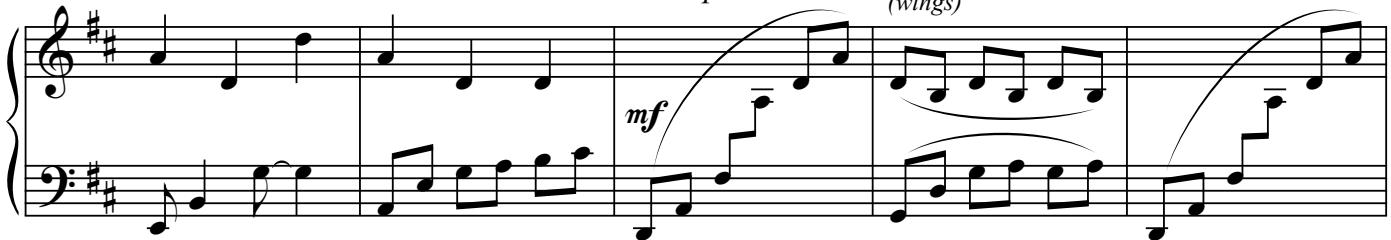
Moderate tempo ♩ = 112

The musical score consists of three staves of piano music. The top staff shows the treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a common time signature. It includes dynamic markings **p gently** and **with pedal**, and two踏板 (pedal) markings. The middle staff shows the bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows the bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Measure numbers 5 and 10 are indicated above the staves. The music features a combination of eighth and sixteenth notes, with various rests and dynamic changes throughout the piece.

16

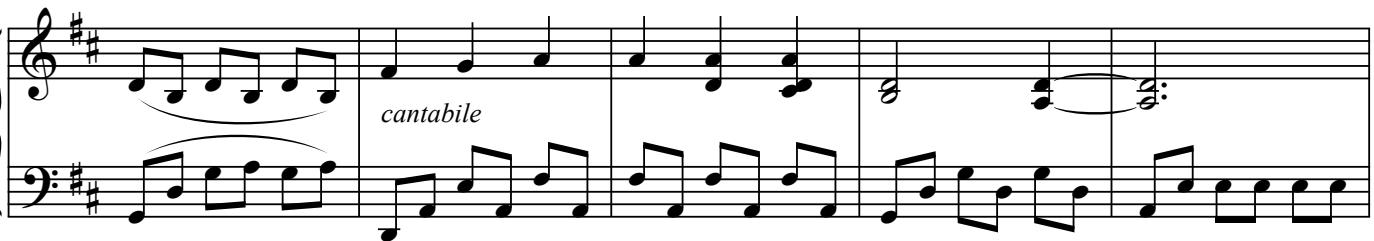
15 *rit.*, *a tempo*

(wings)

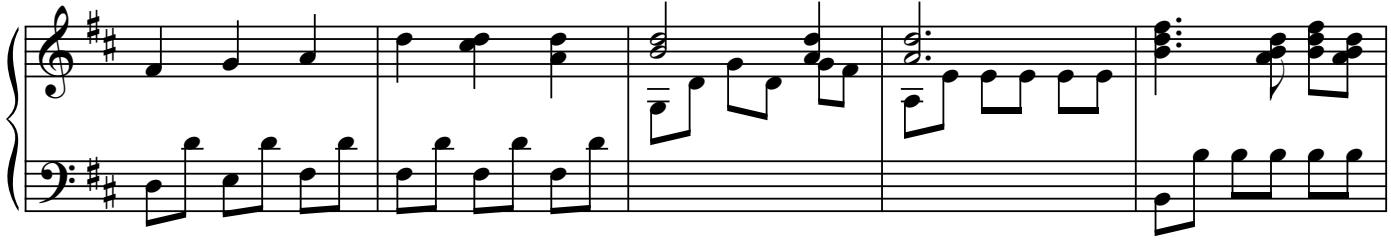


20

“Theme”



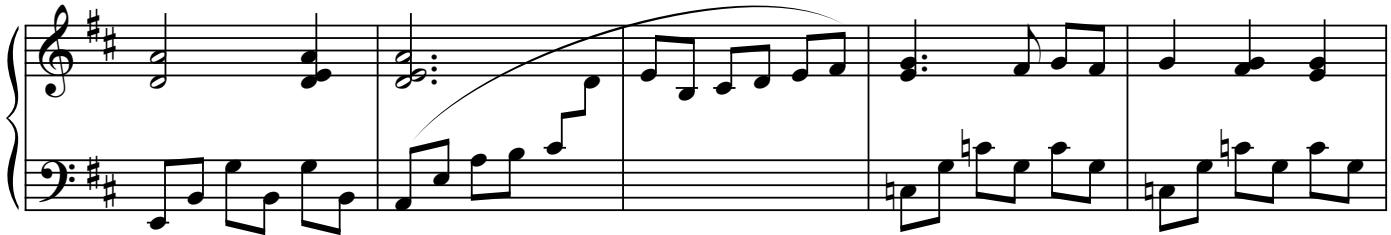
25



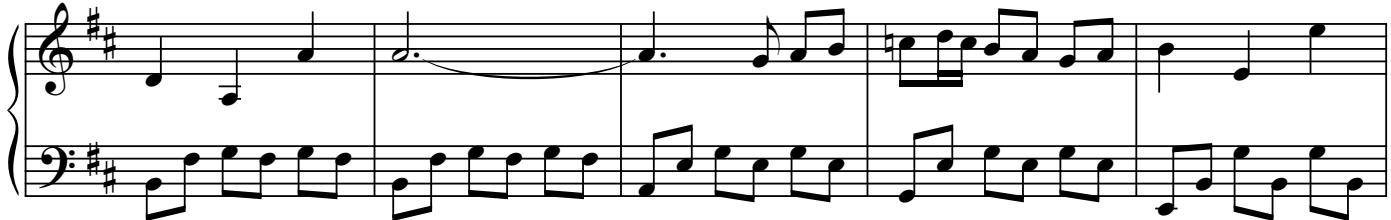
30



35



40



45

50 *poco rit.*

poco cresc.

a tempo

55

Rondo

59 *(f)*

Rondo

63

(Rondo)

67

71

76

Slowly

a tempo (♩ = 112)

loco

(p) delicately

82

87

cresc. poco a poco (to m. 104)

92

97

102

107

rit.

dim. poco a poco

Rit.

112

(rit.)

a tempo

(dim.)

Rit.

Rit.

Rit.

simile

V. Leaving “D”

Lively ♩ = 132

reflectively, as if studying the pitches on the keyboard

1

5

9

cresc. poco a poco

13 (8^{va})

mf

loco

17

p

22

Same tempo ♩ = 132
 21 (Melody I: moving away from D)

poco ped. ad lib.

24

studying the pitches once again

27

cresc.

f

31

35

p

add pedal

(Same tempo)

(Melody II: moving further away from D)

40

44

pedal ad lib.

48

52

studying, once again

56

60

24

64

rit.

68 (*rit.*)*(gradually exploring away from the center, "D")***Start slowly***accel. poco a poco (to m. 87)*

with pedal

72 (*accel.*)*(cresc.)*

75 (*accel.*)*(cresc.)*

79 (*accel.*)*(cresc.)*